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STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM					
		Code			
Languages and paradigms of programming		1010331541010334960			
Field of study	Profile of study (general academic, practical)	Year /Semester			
Information Engineering	(brak)	2/4			
Elective path/specialty	Subject offered in:	Course (compulsory, elective)			
-	Polish	obligatory			
Cycle of study:	Form of study (full-time,part-time)				
First-cycle studies	full-time				
No. of hours		No. of credits			
Lecture: 30 Classes: - Laboratory: 30	Project/seminars:	- 4			
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other) (university-wide, from another field)					
(brak)	(brak)				
Education areas and fields of science and art		ECTS distribution (number and %)			
Responsible for subject / lecturer:					
dr inż. Grażyna Brzykcy email: grazyna.brzykcy@put.poznan.pl tel. 616653724 Wydział Elektryczny ul. Piotrowo 3A 60-965 Poznań					
Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills and social competencies:					

competencies notation standards. Assumptions and objectives of the course:

testing.

Presentation of declarative programming styles and rules of choosing the adequate style and language to a class of problems. Development of declarative programming skills in functional and logic programming environments.

Student has basic knowledge of mathematics, especially in such fields as algebra, analysis

Student is able to use basic techniques to create algorithms, to analyze their complexity, and

Student understands the importance of stringent accomplishment of a given project with proper

and logic, basic knowledge of program constructs, implementation of algorithms, formal

to use software platforms and environments for simple programs encoding, running and

Study outcomes and reference to the educational results for a field of study

Knowledge:

1

2

3

Knowledge

Skills

Social

- 1. Student has organized and theoretically founded knowledge of creation, implementation and applicability of recursive data structures. [[K_W04]]
- 2. Student has organized and theoretically founded knowledge of computation models and basic declarative program constructions. [[K_W05]]
- 3. Student is familiarized with state of the art and current trends in programming paradigms. [[K_W19]]

languages and programming platforms.

Skills:

- 1. Student is able to create engineer work documentation and declaratively present the work result. [[K_U03]]
- 2. Student can use techniques of logic and functional programming to create algorithms. [[K_U09]]
- 3. Student is able to use declarative software platforms and environments for simple programs encoding, running and testing. [[K_U10]]

Social competencies:

- 1. Student understands and is aware of the importance of issues related to computer engineer activity. Student understands the responsibility for his engineering decisions. [[K_K02]]
- 2. Student understands the importance of stringent accomplishment of a given project with proper notation standards, proper language. Student understands the importance of keeping deadlines. [[K_K07]]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Faculty of Electrical Engineering

Lecture

Written test based on lecture (basic concepts and techniques used in declarative programming).

Laboratory

Students? marks are based on continuous assessment of their programming activity and results of two written tests (creation of simple programs).

Course description

Lectures

Logic as programming language (procedural aspect of SLD-resolution). Data structures and procedures in Prolog. Functional programming: data types, functions, overview of languages and environments. Current trends in declarative programming. Some non-classical programming techniques: evolutionary computation, constraint-based programming, rule systems.

Laboratory

Creation of algorithms and their implementation in declarative programming languages: logic programming language Prolog, and functional programming language Scheme.

Basic bibliography:

- 1. Dybvig R., The Scheme Programming Language, 4th edition, The MIT Press, 2009.
- 2. Kowalski R., Logic for problem solving, North-Holland, 1979.
- 3. Michalewicz Z., Genetic Algorithms + Data Structures = Evolution Programs, 3rd edition, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, 1996.
- 4. Nilsen U., Małuszyński J.: Logic, Programming, and PROLOG, John Wiley & Sons, 2000.
- 5. Van Roy P., Haridi S., Concepts, Techniques, and Models of Computer Programming, The MIT Press, 2004.

Additional bibliography:

- 1. Abelson H., Sussman J., Sussman J., Structure and Interpretation of Computer Programs, The MIT Press, 1984.
- 2. Ait-Kaci H. i in., The Wild LIFE Handbook (Prepublication edition), PRLab., DECorp., 1994.
- 3. Mozart Consortium, The Mozart programming system, http://www.mozart-oz.org, 2006.

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Lecture	30
2. Laboratory	30
3. Preparation to laboratory and tests	40
4. Sterling L., Shapiro E.: The Art of Prolog. Advanced Programming Techniques, MIT Press, 1986.	0

Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS	
Total workload	100	4	
Contact hours	60	2	
Practical activities	70	3	